Regular Session, 2007

ACT No. 55

HOUSE BILL NO. 577

#### BY REPRESENTATIVE PINAC AND SENATOR HOLLIS

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

1 AN ACT 2 To enact R.S. 12:202.1(F), R.S. 44:4.1(B)(36), and Part VIII of Chapter 9 of Title 45 of the 3 Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 45:1311 through 1328, 4 relative to financing utility storm repairs and strengthening and stabilizing utilities; 5 to provide for an exception to the limitation on formation of nonprofit corporations; 6 to provide for an exception from the public records law; to provide for legislative 7 intent and definitions; to authorize the creation of the Louisiana Utilities Restoration 8 Corporation as a nonprofit public corporation; to provide for a board of directors; to 9 provide for certain immunity; to provide for corporate powers; to place the nonprofit 10 corporation under the regulatory jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission; to 11 establish a mechanism by which the Public Service Commission or the council of the 12 city of New Orleans may authorize and certify a financing order and the issuance of 13 system restoration bonds that promote the public good of minimizing rates charged 14 by utilities by providing low-cost capital; to provide for the contents of financing 15 orders; to provide that the financing orders shall require the electric or gas utility as 16 collection agent to collect a system restoration charge from its retail customers 17 sufficient to pay the debt service and related costs on any bonds issued pursuant to 18 the financing order; to provide for appeals of financing orders; to provide for security 19 interests in system restoration property; to provide for the sale or pledge of system 20 restoration property; to provide that system restoration bonds are not public debt; to 21 provide a state pledge of non-impairment of system restoration bonds; to prohibit the 22 corporation from filing bankruptcy; to provide that the jurisdiction of the 23 commission is not impaired; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

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§202.1 Limitation on formation; exceptions
8202.1 Elimitation on formation, exceptions
* * *
F. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to the Louisiana Utilities
Restoration Corporation which was created and is governed by Part VIII of Chapter
9 of Title 45 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.
Section 2. R.S. 44:4.1(B)(36) is hereby enacted to read as follows:
§4.1. Exceptions
* * *
B. The legislature further recognizes that there exist exceptions, exemptions,
and limitations to the laws pertaining to public records throughout the revised
statutes and codes of this state. Therefore, the following exceptions, exemptions, and
limitations are hereby continued in effect by incorporation into this Chapter by
citation:
* * *
(36) R.S. 45:1313(C).
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* * *
* * * * Section 3. Part VIII of Chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of
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continued prosperity of Louisiana's citizens. The swift restoration of utility services by utility companies following disasters such as tropical storms, hurricanes, floods, or other natural disasters and terrorist attacks can minimize the devastating effects of such disasters. Financially sound and stable utility companies will be able to restore and rebuild their utility systems promptly without having to incur the expense of providing assurance to contractors, vendors, and creditors that their charges to the utility will be paid and without having to wait to obtain future loans or complete future rate-making proceedings. The legislature finds and declares it to be prudent and in the best interests of the state of Louisiana to consider and make available alternate financing techniques to support the financial strength and stability of utility companies that have undertaken past, and will undertake future, utility system restoration. Therefore, the Louisiana Utilities Restoration Corporation, a nonprofit corporation, may be created, for the purpose of providing an alternate financing mechanism available to the Public Service Commission and the council of the city of New Orleans, as applicable, to attract low-cost capital to finance utility system restoration and capital contributions to financially strengthen and stabilize utilities. The corporation's exercise of powers conferred by this Part is the performance of an essential governmental function, and the corporation shall be a special purpose public corporation and a political instrumentality of the state.

C. The purpose of this Part is to minimize costs charged to ratepayers for system restoration costs. The alternate financing structure contemplated by this Part will enable the corporation to finance, directly or indirectly, system restoration costs with low-cost capital. Financing of system restoration costs pursuant to this Part is hereby recognized to be a valid public purpose. The commission may authorize the issuance of system restoration bonds if the commission finds that the proposed structuring, expected pricing, and anticipated financing costs of the system restoration bonds are reasonably expected to result in lower overall costs to ratepayers as compared to conventional methods of financing or recovering utility system restoration costs. Securitization financings under this Part, if authorized by the commission in its sole discretion, will include a commitment by the utility

1	receiving proceeds therefrom that such proceeds shall be in lieu of recovery of
2	system restoration costs through the regular rate-making process to the extent those
3	costs are financed by such securitization financing proceeds.
4	D.(1) The system restoration bonds will be solely the obligation of the issuer
5	and will not be a debt of or a pledge of the faith and credit of the state or any political
6	or governmental unit thereof.
7	(2) The system restoration bonds shall be nonrecourse to the credit or any
8	assets of the state and the commission.
9	E. System restoration charges, if authorized by the commission in its sole
10	discretion, will be charges imposed by the corporation, and not by a utility.
11	F. This Part does not in any way limit or impair the commission's plenary
12	jurisdiction over the rates charged and services rendered by the public utilities in this
13	state.
14	G. This Part does not impose fees or system restoration charges, but instead
15	only authorizes the commission to approve system restoration charges in its
16	discretion.
17	H. A utility receiving the proceeds of a securitization financing pursuant to
18	this Part shall not be required to provide utility services to the corporation or the state
19	as a result of receiving such proceeds.
20	<u>§1312. Definitions</u>
21	As used in this Part:
22	(1) "Ancillary agreement" means any bond, insurance policy, letter of credit,
23	reserve account, surety bond, swap arrangement, hedging arrangement, liquidity or
24	credit support arrangement, or other financial arrangement entered into in connection
25	with the issuance or payment of system restoration bonds.
26	(2) "Commission" means the Public Service Commission or, solely with
27	respect to an electric or gas utility furnishing electric or natural gas service within
28	the city of New Orleans, the council of the city of New Orleans, as applicable. Each
29	such commission may issue financing orders under this Part pertaining to those

1	utilities subject to that commission's powers of regulation and supervision. The
2	corporation, however, is regulated as provided in R.S. 45:1317.
3	(3) "Corporation" means the Louisiana Utilities Restoration Corporation.
4	(4) "Electric utility" means an "electric public utility" as defined in R.S.
5	45:121 and in addition means any person furnishing electric service within the city
6	of New Orleans.
7	(5) "Financing costs" means any of the following:
8	(a) Interest and acquisition, defeasance, or redemption premiums that are
9	payable on system restoration bonds.
10	(b) Any payment required under an ancillary agreement and any amount
11	required to fund or replenish reserve or other accounts established under the terms
12	of any indenture, ancillary agreement, or other financing documents pertaining to
13	system restoration bonds.
14	(c) Issuance costs, and any ongoing costs related to supporting, repaying,
15	servicing, and refunding system restoration bonds, including but not limited to
16	servicing fees, accounting and auditing fees, trustee fees, legal fees and expenses,
17	consulting fees, administrative fees, printing and edgarizing fees, financial advisor
18	fees and expenses, SEC registration fees, issuer fees, placement and underwriting
19	fees, capitalized interest, overcollateralization funding requirements, rating agency
20	fees, stock exchange listing and compliance fees, and filing fees.
21	(d) Costs of establishing, maintaining, and operating the corporation.
22	(6) "Financing order" means an order of the commission, if granted by the
23	commission in its sole discretion, which allows for all of the following:
24	(a) The assessment, imposition, and periodic adjustment of system
25	restoration charges by the corporation and the collection thereof by a utility as an
26	agent on behalf of the corporation.
27	(b) The creation of system restoration property in favor of the corporation
28	and the corporation's transfer thereof.
29	(c) The issuance of system restoration bonds and the transfer to the
30	corporation of the net proceeds thereof.

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1	(d) The disposition of the proceeds of system restoration bonds.
2	(7) "Financing party" means any holder of system restoration bonds, any
3	party to or beneficiary of an ancillary agreement, and any trustee, collateral agent,
4	or other person acting for the benefit of any of the foregoing.
5	(8) "Gas utility" means a local distributing system selling natural gas to retail
6	customers.
7	(9) "Governing board" means that board of directors of the corporation
8	which is established under R.S. 45:1314 and, where appropriate, any designee of the
9	governing board.
10	(10) "Issuance costs" means any of the following:
11	(a) Any initial payment made on issuance of, and any amount required to
12	fund any system restoration sinking fund, reserve or overcollateralization fund, or
13	other fund or account required by the documents pertaining to, system restoration
14	bonds authorized by a financing order.
15	(b) Any other costs related to issuance of system restoration bonds, including
16	but not limited to trustees fees, legal fees, consulting fees, administrative fees,
17	printing and edgarizing fees, financial advisor fees and expenses, SEC registration
18	fees, issuer fees, placement and underwriter fees, capitalized interest, rating agency
19	fees, stock exchange listing and compliance fees, and filing fees, including costs
20	related to obtaining the financing order. Issuance costs may be, without limitation,
21	costs of the corporation, the issuer, the utility, or the commission.
22	(11) "Issuer" means any Louisiana public corporation, public trust, or other
23	entity that issues system restoration bonds approved by a financing order.
24	(12) "Lien creditor" means any of the following:
25	(a) A creditor that has acquired a lien on the property involved by
26	attachment, sequestration, seizure, levy, or the like.
27	(b) An assignee for benefit of creditors from the time of assignment.
28	(c) A trustee in bankruptcy from the date of the filing of the petition.
29	(d) A receiver in equity from the time of appointment.
30	(13) "State" means the state of Louisiana.

1 (14) "Storm" means a named tropical storm or hurricane, ice or snow storm, 2 flood, or other significant weather or natural disaster that occurred during calendar 3 year 2005 or that occurs thereafter. (15) "Storm damage reserve" means a utility's storm reserve or such other 4 similar reserve established pursuant to order or rule of the commission. 5 6 (16) "System restoration activity" means any activity or activities by or on 7 behalf of a utility in connection with the restoration of service associated with utility 8 outages affecting customers of a utility as the result of a storm or storms, including 9 but not limited to mobilization, staging, and construction, reconstruction, 10 replacement, or repair of generation, transmission, distribution, or general plant 11 facilities. 12 (17) "System restoration bonds" means bonds, notes, certificates of 13 participation, or other evidences of indebtedness that are issued pursuant to this Part 14 by an issuer at the request of the corporation and a utility, and authorized by a 15 financing order, the net proceeds of which are transferred to the corporation and used 16 as provided in this Part, and which are secured by and payable from system 17 restoration property. 18 (18) "System restoration charge" means the nonbypassable charges, if 19 determined appropriate by the commission and provided for in a financing order, to 20 be assessed by the corporation on, and collected by the utility or other collection 21 agent from, all existing and future customers of a utility, and periodically adjusted, 22 in an amount sufficient at all times to pay the principal of and interest on particular 23 system restoration bonds as the same shall become due and payable, all other 24 financing costs, and any other costs as necessary to otherwise ensure the timely 25 payment of such system restoration bonds, all as the commission may authorize in 26 a financing order. 27 (19) "System restoration costs" means, if requested by the utility, and as may 28 be approved by the commission, those prudent incremental costs incurred or to be

incurred by a utility in undertaking a system restoration activity, including associated

carrying costs. If the commission deems appropriate, system restoration costs may

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include the costs to fund and finance any storm damage reserves. Further, if the commission determines it to be appropriate, system restoration costs may include carrying costs from the date on which the system restoration activity costs were incurred until the date that system restoration bonds are issued.

# (20) "System restoration property" means all of the following:

(a) All rights and interests of the corporation arising out of this Part, including the right to receive system restoration charges billed and collected by the utility on the behalf of the corporation as authorized in the financing order, the right to enforce the obligations of the utility to collect and service the system restoration charges, and the right to obtain periodic adjustments to such charges as provided in the financing order and this Part.

(b) All collections, claims, rights to payments, payments, money, or proceeds arising from the rights and interests specified in Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph, regardless of whether such collections, claims, rights to payments, payments, money, or proceeds are imposed, billed, received, collected, or maintained together with or commingled with other collections, rights to payments, payments, money, or proceeds. System restoration property shall not be an asset of the utility.

# (21) "Utility" means an electric utility or a gas utility.

#### §1313. Creation of the Louisiana Utilities Restoration Corporation

A. There is hereby authorized the formation and incorporation of a nonprofit corporation to be known as the "Louisiana Utilities Restoration Corporation", which shall operate to perform the essential governmental function of financing utility system restoration costs in accordance with this Part. The corporation shall perform only those functions consistent with this Part and shall exercise its powers through its governing board established under R.S. 45:1314 and subject to regulation as provided in R.S. 45:1317. The corporation shall be a public corporation and instrumentality of the state as provided in R.S. 45:1325. The corporation, nevertheless, shall be subject to the Public Records Law, R.S. 44:1 et seq.; the Open Meetings Law, R.S. 42:4.1 et seq.; the Bond Validation Procedures Law, R.S. 13:5121 et seq.; and the Code of Governmental Ethics, R.S. 42:1101 et seq., except

1 as otherwise provided for in this Section. The corporation shall have a legal 2 existence as a public corporate body separate and distinct from the state of Louisiana. 3 B.(1) Assets of the corporation shall not be considered part of the general fund of the state or any other fund in the state treasury. The state shall not budget 4 for or provide general fund appropriations to the corporation, and the debts, claims, 5 6 obligations, and liabilities of the corporation shall not be considered to be a debt of 7 the state or a pledge of its credit. The corporation shall be self-funded. Prior to the 8 imposition of system restoration charges, the corporation may accept and expend for 9 its operating expenses, in accordance with the provisions of this Part, such monies 10 as may be received from any source, including financing agreements with the state, 11 a commercial bank, or a utility to finance the corporation's operations until the 12 corporation receives sufficient system restoration property to cover its operating 13 expenses as financing costs, and to repay any short-term borrowing under any such 14 financing agreement. 15 (2) The corporation shall be prohibited from making charitable contributions 16 or contributions to any political party, political organization, public official, or 17 candidate for public office, whether federal, state, or local in nature. 18 (3) All compensated employees of the corporation, if any, shall be subject 19 to the provisions of Article X, Section 9 of the Constitution of Louisiana, as if they 20 were employees of the state, except members of the governing board of the 21 corporation. 22 C.(1) Except as provided in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection, the corporation 23 shall be subject to R.S. 42:4.1 through 13 and to R.S. 44:1 through 41, and may be 24 considered as if it were a public body for the purpose of those provisions. 25 (2) The corporation may hold an executive session pursuant to R.S. 42:6 for 26 discussion of one or more of the following, and R.S. 44:1 through 41 shall not apply 27 to any documentary materials as enumerated in R.S. 44:1(A)(2) which relate to any 28 of the following: 29 (a) Records obtained or generated by an internal auditor pursuant to a routine

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audit, until the audit is completed or, if the audit is conducted as part of an

1	investigation, until the investigation is closed or ceases to be active. An
2	investigation is considered "active" while the investigation is being conducted with
3	a reasonable, good faith belief that it could lead to the filing of administrative, civil,
4	or criminal proceedings.
5	(b) Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorney-client
6	communications.
7	(c) Information relating to negotiations for financing or contractual services
8	or transactions, until the conclusion of the negotiations, including without limitation
9	information concerning the potential pricing and marketing of system restoration
10	bonds.
11	(d) Residential and other utility customer information. The corporation shall
12	fully protect the confidentiality of any customer information provided to it by a
13	utility.
14	D. The corporation shall be subject to examination by the legislative auditor.
15	E. The corporation shall be domiciled in the parish of East Baton Rouge.
16	F. The corporation, as an instrumentality of the state, shall be exempt from
17	Louisiana corporate income taxes and corporation franchise taxes.
18	G. The corporation shall have the powers, rights, and privileges provided for
19	a corporation organized under the Nonprofit Corporation Law, R.S. 12:201 et seq.,
20	subject to the express exceptions and limitations set forth in this Part.
21	H. An incorporator selected by the secretary of the Public Service
22	Commission shall prepare the articles of incorporation of the corporation under the
23	Nonprofit Corporation Law, R.S. 12:201 et seq., which articles shall be consistent
24	with the provisions of this Part. Notwithstanding any provisions of the Nonprofit
25	Corporation Law, R.S. 12:201 et seq., to the contrary, the articles shall not be
26	required to set forth the names, addresses, and terms of office of the initial directors.
27	The failure to include the initial directors shall not invalidate nor cause the secretary
28	of state to reject the articles.
29	I. The staff of the Public Service Commission may serve as staff to the
30	corporation under the supervision of the secretary of the Public Service Commission.

1	J. State officers, departments, and agencies are authorized to render support
2	and services to the corporation within their respective functions, as may be requested
3	by the corporation.
4	K. The corporation may retain such professionals, financial advisors, and
5	accountants as it may deem necessary to carry out its duties under this Part and may
6	determine their duties and compensation, subject to the approval of the Public
7	Service Commission.
8	§1314. Board of directors of the corporation
9	A. The governing body of the corporation shall be a board of directors that
10	shall consist of the following seven members, who shall be representative of the
11	state's diverse population as near as practicable:
12	(1) Two representatives, appointed by the governor, who shall have a
13	background and significant experience in financial affairs.
14	(2) The state treasurer, or an employee of the Department of the Treasury as
15	his designee.
16	(3) The chairperson of the House Committee on Commerce, or a member of
17	that committee designated by the chairperson.
18	(4) The chairperson of the Senate Committee on Commerce, Consumer
19	Protection and International Affairs, or a member of that committee designated by
20	the chairperson.
21	(5) The secretary of the Public Service Commission, or an employee of the
22	Public Service Commission as his designee.
23	(6) The president of the council of the city of New Orleans, a member of the
24	council designated by the president, or a designee of the president who shall have a
25	background and significant experience in financial affairs.
26	B. The members of the board appointed by the governor shall serve at the
27	pleasure of the governor. If any person shall cease to serve in any one of the offices
28	specified in Paragraph (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of Subsection A of this Section, that
29	person shall thereby cease to be a member of the board of the corporation, and that
30	person's successor in office shall automatically, and without the necessity of further

action by anyone, become a member of the board of the corporation.

Notwithstanding R.S. 12:224(B) to the contrary, no board member shall be limited as to the amount of years he may serve on the board.

C. The quorum necessary for transaction of business is hereby established as four members of the board in attendance. All official action of the governing body shall require the favorable vote of a majority of the board members present and voting at any meeting.

D. The members of the board, including those who are officers of the corporation, shall receive no salary, but each member shall be reimbursed for necessary travel and other expenses actually incurred while in attendance at the meetings of the board or on business for the board in accordance with state travel regulations.

E. Except for elected officials who serve on the board, the members of the board shall be confirmed by the Senate. Should any elected official designate a member who is not an elected official, that designee shall be confirmed by the Senate. Members appointed when the Senate is not in session shall serve only until the end of the next regular session, unless confirmed by the Senate. Should the Senate refuse to confirm a member appointed in the interim, then such person shall forfeit the office as of the date on which the Senate refuses to confirm that person.

F. The governing body shall elect from its members annually a chairman, who shall serve as president of the corporation, and a secretary-treasurer of the corporation and may elect one or more vice presidents from its members. The governing body may delegate its powers to the chairman, the secretary-treasurer, or committees of the board, with such standards for the exercise of delegated powers as the governing body may specify and may, to the extent consistent with the rights of financing parties, revoke any such delegation.

#### §1315. Law applicable to board

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Members of the board and persons acting on the corporation's behalf, while acting within the scope of their duties or employment, shall not be subject to any personal liability resulting from carrying out the powers and duties conferred on them by this Part and shall have the indemnification rights and shall be deemed covered individuals, as provided in R.S. 13:5108.1, with respect to such actions.

§1316. Powers and duties of the corporation

A. The corporation shall, in each instance subject to the prior authorization of the commission, participate in the financial transactions contemplated by this Part. The corporation shall engage in no other business activities except those activities provided for in this Part and those ancillary and incidental thereto. The corporation shall not apply any proceeds of system restoration bonds or system restoration charges to any purpose not specified in a commission order, or to any purpose in excess of the amount allowed for such purpose in the order, or to any purpose in contravention of the order. The corporation shall be required by the terms of any financing order that provides for the assessment of system restoration charges to either (1) sell such specified system restoration property to an issuer in exchange for the net proceeds of the issuance of system restoration bonds or (2) borrow from an issuer the net proceeds from the issuance of system restoration bonds and pledge such specified system restoration property to the issuer and use the collected system restoration charges to pay the corporation's obligation to the issuer and financing costs. The corporation shall further be required by the terms of any financing order to provide such bond proceeds as a non-shareholder contribution to capital for the public good to the utility collecting such system restoration charges, subject to the conditions and requirements set forth in the financing order, including those described in R.S. 45:1318(C)(5).

B. The governing board of the corporation shall, pursuant to the provisions of this Part, have the power to employ or retain such persons as are necessary to perform the duties of the corporation.

## C. The corporation may:

(1) Acquire, sell, pledge, and transfer system restoration property as necessary to effect the purposes of this Part. In connection therewith, the corporation may agree to such terms and conditions as it deems necessary and proper. The corporation may pledge to an issuer specified system restoration property of the corporation pursuant to a financing order to secure the corporation's repayment obligation to the issuer, and the issuer may in turn pledge the corporation's promissory note, and the system restoration property and any other collateral securing such note, together with any other collateral of the issuer provided in the bond documents to secure the payment of system restoration bonds and related financing costs. Alternatively, the corporation may sell to an issuer specified system restoration property of the corporation pursuant to a financing order, which the issuer may in turn pledge, together with other collateral provided in the bond documents, to secure payment of system restoration bonds and related financing costs.

- (2) Borrow monies from an issuer of system restoration bonds to effect the purposes of this Part and use the monies from the collection of the pertinent system restoration charges to repay such loans and the related financing costs. In connection therewith, the corporation may agree to such terms and conditions as it deems necessary and proper. The corporation shall not itself have the authority to issue system restoration bonds. The corporation may issue promissory notes to issuers. The corporation further may borrow funds for initial operating expenses as specified in R.S. 45:1313(B).
- (3) Sue or be sued in its corporate name. The power to sue includes the power and right to intervene as a party before the commission or any court in this state in any matter involving the corporation's powers and duties.
- (4) Negotiate and become a party to such contracts as are necessary, convenient, or desirable to carry out the purposes of this Part.
- (5) Engage in corporate actions or undertakings that are permitted for nonprofit corporations in this state and that are not prohibited by, or contrary to, the provisions of this Part.

(6) Perfor	m such othe	er acts a	s are	necessary,	convenient,	or	desirable to
effectuate the purp	oses of this	Part.					

D. The corporation shall maintain separate accounts and records relating to each utility that is collecting system restoration charges for all charges, revenues, assets, liabilities, and expenses relating to that utility's financing transaction.

E. The governing board of the corporation shall be prohibited from authorizing any rehabilitation, liquidation, or dissolution of the corporation, and no such rehabilitation, liquidation, or dissolution of the corporation shall take effect as long as any system restoration bonds are outstanding unless adequate protection and provision has been made for the payment of the bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of the bonds. In the event of any rehabilitation, liquidation, or dissolution, the assets of the corporation shall be applied first to pay all debts, liabilities, and obligations of the corporation, including the establishment of reasonable reserves for any contingent liabilities or obligations, and all remaining funds of the corporation shall be applied and distributed as provided by an order of the commission.

F. The corporation shall prepare an operating budget annually that shall be submitted for approval to the Public Service Commission. If requested by the Public Service Commission, the corporation shall prepare and submit an annual report containing, among other appropriate matters, the annual operating and financial statements of the corporation.

## §1317. Regulation by the Public Service Commission

A. The Public Service Commission shall regulate the corporation as provided for in this Part with the same plenary regulatory authority as provided under the Constitution of Louisiana with respect to public utilities. Such regulation shall be concomitant with the Public Service Commission's regulation of public utilities. Notwithstanding such regulation, as provided in R.S. 45:1327, the corporation is not a public utility. Although the organization and operations of the corporation shall be regulated exclusively by the Public Service Commission, any financing order pertaining to a utility furnishing utility service within the city of New Orleans shall

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be issued by the council of the city of New Orleans and be binding on such utility

2	and the corporation.
3	B. To the extent that R.S. 45:1180 through 1182 permit the commission to
4	recover expenses of examination, such expenses of examination will be charged only
5	to the utility or utilities acting as collection agent for the corporation and on whose
6	bills the charges of the corporation appear. Such expenses of examination will be
7	considered to be legitimate operating expenses of the utility and therefore recovered
8	by the utility from its customers.
9	§1318. Financing orders
10	A. A utility may petition the commission for a financing order. The
11	application of the utility shall specify the following:
12	(1) Set forth any known previously incurred system restoration costs and set
13	forth any storm damage reserve that is proposed to be established or replenished.
14	(2) Indicate the amount of the costs set forth pursuant to Paragraph (1) of this
15	Subsection that is proposed to be financed using system restoration bonds under this
16	Part.
17	(3) Estimate to the extent practicable the financing costs related to such
18	system restoration bonds.
19	(4) Describe and estimate the system restoration charges necessary to pay
20	such system restoration bonds, including any financing costs, and the time period for
21	recovery of such system restoration charges.
22	B. The commission may grant an application under Subsection A in whole
23	or in part by a financing order, and with such modifications thereto and upon such
24	terms and conditions as the commission prescribes. The corporation shall be a party
25	to the commission's proceedings along with the pertinent utility. The utility shall
26	participate, subject to the commission's procedures, in the design of the proposed
27	system restoration charges.
28	C. If the commission in its discretion determines that the criteria specified
29	in R.S. 45:1311(C) are met and elects to issue any financing order under this Part,

then, in order for a financing order to create system restoration property under this

Part, the commission in such financing order shall:

(1) Specify the amount of system restoration costs prudently incurred by a utility and any level of storm damage reserves appropriate for such utility, all whether approved by the commission therein or in a prior order, taking into consideration, to the extent the commission deems appropriate, any other methods used to recover these costs and any insurance proceeds or governmental grants received by the utility or other offsets or credits to those costs, and provide with respect to the estimated amount of financing costs that may be recovered through system restoration charges. The financing order shall require that the utility commit to reduce the system restoration costs eligible for securitization by the amount of any insurance proceeds, federal government grants, or similar source of permanent reimbursement received by the utility before the issuance of the financing order.

(2) Authorize the corporation to impose system restoration charges on the customers of a utility that has such system restoration costs, storm damage reserve, and financing costs approved by the commission in an order, and specify the time period over which such charges may be imposed. This time period may be until the system restoration bonds and financing costs are paid in full. System restoration charges paid under any financing order shall not be considered the revenue of the utility for any purpose, but instead shall be created, assessed, and collected as the property of the corporation pursuant to a state regulatory program, subject to subsequent transfer as authorized by this Part.

- (3) Require the corporation to either (a) sell such specified system restoration property to an issuer in exchange for the net proceeds from the issuance of system restoration bonds or (b) pledge such specified system restoration property to the issuer of system restoration bonds as security for repayment of a loan to the corporation by the issuer of the net proceeds from the issuance of such bonds, and use the collections of that system restoration property to repay such loan.
- (4) Authorize and require the utility identified in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection to serve as collection agent to collect the system restoration charges and

transfer those collected charges to the corporation, the issuer, or a financing party, as appropriate.

- (5)(a) Require the corporation to transfer the proceeds of the system restoration bonds received under Paragraph (3) of this Subsection to the utility that is collecting the applicable system restoration charges, for the public good as a non-shareholder contribution to capital, subject to the express conditions and requirements set forth in the financing order that, upon receipt of the contribution by the utility, such utility shall do all of the following:
- (i) Set aside in a restricted escrow account, in an amount and manner required by the commission, any monies or investments used to fund the utility's storm damage reserve, and otherwise spend the contributed proceeds solely to purchase securities that shall become a permanent part of the utility's working capital, pending use for other authorized corporate purposes.
- (ii) Not seek to recover the system restoration costs approved by that applicable financing order, to the extent of such contribution, from any of its commission-jurisdictional customers.
- (iii) Flow through to the benefit of its customers in a manner determined by the commission the amount of any insurance proceeds, federal government grants, or similar source of permanent reimbursement received by the utility after the issuance of the financing order relating to that same system restoration activity and those same system restoration costs.
- (b) The financing order shall require that, upon receipt of the contribution by the utility, such utility fully release any claim that the utility has to recover, in any manner, from its commission-jurisdictional customers any of the system restoration costs covered by the financing order to the extent of the amount of such contribution.
- (6) Specify and create certain system restoration property of the corporation, which shall be used to pay and secure, either directly after a sale to the issuer or indirectly as security for the loan to the corporation, the system restoration bonds and any associated financing costs as they shall become due.

(7) Provide that the system restoration charges shall be sufficient at all times to pay the scheduled principal of and interest on the system restoration bonds as the same shall become due and payable and all other financing costs and, if determined appropriate by the commission, establish a formulaic true-up mechanism requiring that the system restoration charges be reviewed and adjusted at least annually, in order to correct any overcollection or undercollection during the period after the issuance or preceding adjustment and to ensure the projected recovery of amounts sufficient to provide timely payment of the scheduled principal of and interest on the pertinent system restoration bonds and all other financing costs.

(8) Provide and pledge that after the issuance of system restoration bonds authorized thereby, a financing order is irrevocable until the indefeasible payment in full of the system restoration bonds and the financing costs. The financing order shall provide that, except as provided in Subsection F of this Section or to implement any true-up mechanism adopted by the commission as described in Paragraph (7) of this Subsection, the commission may not amend, modify, or terminate the financing order by any subsequent action or reduce, impair, postpone, terminate, or otherwise adjust system restoration charges approved in the financing order.

(9) Provide that the financing order shall remain in effect and unabated, notwithstanding the reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceedings, or merger or sale, of the applicable utility or its successors or assignees.

(10) Provide that any successor to a utility, whether pursuant to any reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceeding, or whether pursuant to any merger or acquisition, sale or other business combination, or transfer by operation of law, as a result of utility restructuring or otherwise, shall perform and satisfy all obligations of the utility under any related commission order in the same manner and to the same extent as the utility, including collecting and paying to the person entitled to receive the revenues, collections, payments, or proceeds of the system restoration property. Nothing in this Section is intended to limit or impair any authority of the commission concerning the transfer or succession of interests of utilities.

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(11) Include terms satisfactory to the commission in its discretion ensuring that the imposition and collection of system restoration charges authorized in the financing order shall be nonbypassable to the fullest extent consistent with the Constitution of Louisiana and the commission's jurisdiction. If determined appropriate by the commission and provided for in a financing order, such nonbypassable charges shall be imposed by the corporation on, and be a part of, all customer bills and be collected by a utility or its successors or assignees, or other collection agent, on behalf of the corporation through a charge which may be collected in the same manner as the utility's base rates or in any other manner deemed appropriate by the commission, for the time period specified in the financing order, paid by existing and future customers, including as to an electric utility all customers for and with regard to all electric load directly or indirectly connected to electric facilities of the electric utility or its successors or assignees under rate schedules or special contracts authorized or approved by the commission. The commission may provide for payment of such nonbypassable charges even if the customer elects to purchase electricity or gas from an alternative supplier, including as a result of a fundamental change in the manner of regulation of public utilities in this state.

D. The commission may include any other conditions and provisions in a financing order that the commission considers appropriate and that are not inconsistent with this Part, with respect to any matters pertaining to and within the Public Service Commission's constitutional jurisdiction over utilities and plenary power to regulate utilities or such other jurisdiction as may be conferred on the commission by law or, in the case of the council of the city of New Orleans, otherwise provide with respect to any matters pertaining to and within its home rule charter or other lawful regulatory jurisdiction and authority over utilities providing service within the city of New Orleans. Such conditions and provisions may include how amounts collected from a customer shall be allocated between the corporation's system restoration charges and other charges by the utility on the customer's bill, and

whether the system restoration charges are to be shown as a separate line item on individual customer bills.

E. After the issuance of a financing order, the corporation shall arrange for the issuance of system restoration bonds as specified in the financing order by an issuer selected by the corporation and approved by the commission. The corporation shall enter into a sale or loan transaction with the issuer and then transfer the net proceeds of such system restoration bonds received by the corporation to the pertinent utility as a non-shareholder contribution to capital as provided in R.S. 45:1322.

F. The commission may commence a proceeding and issue a subsequent financing order that provides for the refinancing, retiring, or refunding of system restoration bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order, to the extent consistent with the original financing order and the terms of the authorized system restoration bonds issued thereunder, or that provides with respect to any excess collections, to the extent consistent with Paragraph (C)(7) of this Section. Effective on retirement of the refunded system restoration bonds and the issuance of new system restoration bonds, the commission may adjust the related system restoration charges of the corporation accordingly or establish substitute system restoration charges.

G. System restoration bonds issued pursuant to a financing order shall not be the debt of the utility. System restoration charges paid and collected under any financing order shall not be considered the revenue or property of the utility for any purpose. The utility shall not have any beneficial interest or claim of right in such system restoration charges or in any system restoration property.

H. A financing order may grant the corporation limited discretion, subject to a deadline and other limitations and conditions as determined by the commission, such as that no system restoration charges be collected from customers until system restoration bonds are issued, regarding when to request the issuer to cause the system restoration bonds to be issued. If changed circumstances warrant, the corporation also may request authority from the commission to be granted the right upon request

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of the utility to have the issuer postpone or cancel the proposed issuance of the system restoration bonds.

I. All financing orders by the commission shall be operative and in full force and effect from the time fixed for them to become effective by the commission.

J. An aggrieved party or intervenor may as its sole remedy, within fifteen days after the financing order or a supplemental order made by the commission becomes effective, file in the district court of the domicile of the commission, a petition setting forth the particular cause of objection to the order complained of. When a timely application for a rehearing has been made at the commission, the fifteen-day time period for such appeal does not commence until the effective date of the commission order disposing of the rehearing application. Inasmuch as delay in the determination of the appeal of a financing order may delay the issuance of system restoration bonds, thereby diminishing savings to customers which might be achieved if such bonds were issued as contemplated by a financing order, all such cases shall be given precedence over all other civil cases in the court and shall be heard and determined as speedily as possible. No appeal to the supreme court shall be allowed unless the petition therefor is filed within fifteen days from the date on which the judgment of the district court is entered and only if the party taking the appeal has the record certified to the supreme court and his brief filed therein within twenty days from the date on which the judgment of the district court is entered. Review on appeal from the Public Service Commission otherwise shall be in accordance with R.S. 45:1193 through 1195. However, the immediately preceding two sentences of this Subsection shall have no application to appeals of any order of the council of the city of New Orleans, which shall proceed in the manner provided therefor by applicable law.

# §1319. System restoration property

A. All system restoration property that is specified in a financing order shall constitute an existing, present property right of the corporation, constituting an individualized, separate, incorporeal movable susceptible of ownership, sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, and security interest, including without limitation for

purposes of contracts concerning sale of property and pledges of and security interests in property, notwithstanding that the value of such property and the imposition and collection of system restoration charges depend on future acts such as the utility performing its collection agent functions relating to the collection of system restoration charges and on future electricity or gas consumption. Such property shall exist whether or not the revenues or proceeds arising from the property have been billed, have accrued, or have been collected and notwithstanding the fact that the value or amount of such property is or may be dependent on the future provision of service to customers by the utility or its successors or assignees and the future consumption by customers of electricity or gas. System restoration property created by a financing order shall be a vested contract right, and such financing order shall create a contractual obligation of irrevocability by the commission in favor of the corporation and its transferees, including an issuer and financing parties.

B. System restoration property specified in a financing order shall continue to exist until the system restoration bonds issued pursuant to the financing order are paid in full and all financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full.

C. The system restoration property specified in a financing order may be sold to an issuer by the corporation, or may be pledged to an issuer by the corporation to secure the corporation's payment to the issuer of monies sufficient to pay the system restoration bonds issued as contemplated by the financing order and financing costs.

Each such sale or pledge by the corporation is considered to be a transaction in the ordinary course of business.

D. The utility shall have no ownership or beneficial interest in nor any claim of right in the system restoration property, other than the obligation to collect the system restoration charges as agent of the corporation, issuer, or financing party, as applicable, and transfer those charges to the corporation, issuer, or financing party entitled to receive those charges, all as directed in any financing order.

E. To the extent provided in a financing order, the interest of the corporation or a transferee in system restoration property specified in the financing order is not subject to setoff, counterclaim, surcharge, or defense by the utility or by any

customer of the utility, or in connection with a bankruptcy of the utility or any other person.

F. The description of system restoration property being sold or assigned in any sale agreement, purchase agreement, or other transfer agreement, or being pledged or encumbered in any security agreement, pledge agreement, or other security document, is sufficient only if such description refers to the specific financing order that created the system restoration property and states that such agreement covers all or part of such system restoration property described in such financing order. This Subsection applies to all purported sales, assignments, or transfers of, and all purported liens or security interests in, system restoration property, regardless of whether the related sale agreement, purchase agreement, other transfer agreement, security agreement, pledge agreement, or other security document was entered into, or any financing statement was filed, before or after the effective date of this Part.

- G. System restoration property shall be an individualized, separate, incorporeal movable susceptible of ownership, sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, and security interest encumbrance, notwithstanding any of the following:
- (1) That notice is not given to utility customers that the system restoration property is owned by the corporation or a transferee and that the utility or another entity if applicable is acting as a collection agent for the corporation, issuer, or financing party.
- (2) That the system restoration charges are not shown as a separate line item on individual utility bills.
- (3) That funds arising from the collection of system restoration charges by the utility as collection agent are commingled with other monies of the utility prior to the utility's transfer as collection agent of such funds to the corporation, issuer, or financing party.
- H. If there is a default on system restoration bonds, upon application by an interested party, and without limiting any other remedies available to the applying party, a court shall order the sequestration and payment of the monies arising from

the system restoration property to the person entitled to receive such monies. Any such order shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding any reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to the utility or its successors or assignees.

# §1320. Sale of property

The sale and assignment of system restoration property is governed by this Section. All of the following shall apply to a sale and assignment under this Section:

(1) The sale of system restoration property by the corporation to an issuer that the parties have in the governing contract expressly stated to be a sale is an absolute transfer and true sale of, and not a security interest in, the transferor's right, title, and interest in, to, and under the system restoration property. For all purposes, the parties' characterization of a transaction as a sale of an interest in system restoration property shall be conclusive that the transaction is a true sale and that ownership has passed to the issuer characterized as the purchaser, regardless of whether the issuer has possession of any documents evidencing or pertaining to the interest. After such a transaction, such system restoration property is not subject to any claims of the corporation or the corporation's creditors, other than creditors holding a prior security interest in that system restoration property perfected in accordance with this Part.

- (2) The characterization of the sale and assignment as a true sale or other absolute transfer under Paragraph (1) of this Section and the corresponding characterization of the issuer's property interest shall be determinative and conclusive irrespective of, and is not affected or impaired by, the existence of any of the following circumstances:
- (a) Commingling of amounts arising with respect to the system restoration property with other amounts.
- (b) The retention by the corporation of an entitlement to any surplus in the system restoration property.
  - (c) The utility acting as the collector of the system restoration charges.

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(d) The contrary or other treatment of the sale and assignment, for tax,

2	financial reporting, or other purposes.
3	(e) The granting or providing to holders of the system restoration bonds of
4	a preferred right to the system restoration property, or credit enhancement with
5	respect to the system restoration bonds.
6	(3) The ownership of an interest in system restoration property is voluntarily
7	transferred by a contract between the owner and the assignee that purports to transfer
8	the ownership of that interest. Unless otherwise provided, the transfer of ownership
9	takes place between the parties as soon as there is written agreement on the interest,
10	the purchase price is fixed, and the financing order has been issued. Such transfer
11	shall be perfected and take effect against all third parties, including without
12	<u>limitation subsequent lien creditors when the transfer has become effective between</u>
13	the parties and when the pertinent utility collecting the system restoration charge has
14	been given notice of the sale or assignment. Delivery of such an interest in system
15	restoration property shall take place by operation of law upon such notice.
16	(4) The giving of notice to the pertinent utility shall be the only method of
17	perfecting a sale or assignment of system restoration property. The sale or
18	assignment of an interest in system restoration property perfected by such notice is
19	effective against the customers owing payment of the system restoration charges,
20	creditors of the transferor, subsequent transferees, and all other third persons,
21	notwithstanding the absence of actual knowledge of or notice to the customers of the
22	utility of the sale or assignment.
23	(5) The priority of the conflicting ownership interests of assignees in the
24	same interest or rights in any system restoration property is determined as follows:
25	(a) Conflicting perfected interests or rights of assignees rank according to
26	priority in time of perfection by notice.
27	(b) A perfected interest or right of an assignee has priority over a conflicting
28	unperfected interest or right of an assignee.
29	(c) A perfected interest or right of an assignee has priority over a person who
30	becomes a lien creditor after the perfection of such assignee's interest or right.

(6) The priority of a sale or assignment perfected under this Section is not impaired by any later modification of the financing order or system restoration property or by the commingling of funds arising from system restoration property with other funds. Any other security interest that may apply to those commingled funds shall be terminated when those funds are transferred to a segregated account for the assignee or a financing party. If system restoration property has been transferred to an assignee or financing party, the utility or other person serving as collection agent shall hold any proceeds of that property as a mandatary and fiduciary and deliver such proceeds to the assignee or financing party.

(7) No customer of a utility owing payment of a system restoration charge may, by agreement with the utility or otherwise, prohibit, restrict, or require the consent of such customer to the assignment, pledge, or transfer of the system restoration charge.

#### §1321. Bonds

A. A utility desiring the issuance of system restoration bonds pursuant to a financing order shall make an application therefor to the commission under R.S. 45:1318. The proceeds of such system restoration bonds shall be disbursed solely as provided in this Part. The proceeds of the system restoration bonds issued under this Part shall be used solely for the purposes provided for in this Part, including financing costs of such bonds.

B. System restoration bonds issued pursuant to a financing order under this

Part shall not be the debt of the utility. System restoration charges paid and collected

under any financing order shall not constitute the revenue or property of the utility.

System restoration bonds shall be nonrecourse to the credit or any assets of the

utility, other than the utility's obligation as collection agent to collect and remit the

system restoration charges as specified in the pertinent financing order.

C. The corporation shall either sell the system restoration charges and other system restoration property available to the corporation to the issuer, for the issuer to use as the source of revenue for payment of the system restoration bonds, or pledge the system restoration property to the issuer as security for the corporation's

loan payment obligation and use the collections on the system restoration charges as the source of revenue for such loan repayment.

D. The issuer shall pledge to the financing parties either the system restoration property purchased by the issuer, or the loan payment obligation owing by the corporation to the issuer together with all rights of the corporation pledged to the issuer in the system restoration charges and other system restoration property available to the corporation, as the source of revenue for payment of and to secure system restoration bonds and related financing costs. The issuer shall make such pledge pursuant to the procedures of Chapter 13 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, and shall use such revenue to pay any current or other obligations on system restoration bonds issued by the issuer even if no event of default has occurred under the bonds.

E. For purposes of this Part, the corporation is deemed to be a public entity and subject to the provisions of R.S. 10:9-109(c)(2) and R.S. 39:1421(2) and 1430.1.

F. For purposes of R.S. 39:1430.1, system restoration property, including without limitation rights under a financing order and proceeds from collections of system restoration charges, shall be deemed to be revenues and contract rights under that statute and be subject to the provisions of that statute. The pledge and security interest granted by the issuer or the corporation in system restoration property pursuant to this Part shall be valid, perfected, and enforceable against the owner of the system restoration property and all third parties from the time when the pledge is made, without any notice or filing of any kind. This pledge and security interest shall secure all obligations, then existing or thereafter arising, provided in the pledge.

A perfected pledge and security interest in system restoration property is a continuously perfected privilege and security interest in all revenues and proceeds arising with respect thereto, whether or not the revenues or proceeds have accrued. Conflicting pledges, if allowed, shall rank according to priority in time of perfection.

G. All bonds under this Section shall be approved by the State Bond Commission.

H. System restoration bonds may be issued in accordance with the statutes and constitutional provisions applicable to an issuer, but in no event shall any system restoration bonds constitute a debt or a general obligation of the state or any of its political subdivisions or agencies or a charge on their full faith and credit. An issue of system restoration bonds does not, directly or indirectly or contingently, obligate the state or any agency or political subdivision to levy any tax or make any appropriation for payment of the bonds, other than for paying system restoration charges in their capacity as consumers of electricity or gas. Under no circumstances shall it be construed that the full faith and credit of the state of Louisiana, or the city of New Orleans, as applicable, be used to secure the bonds issued under this Section. Any offering documents associated with any debts under this Section shall clearly state that the bonds are not secured by the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or the city of New Orleans, as applicable.

I. System restoration bonds shall be legal investments for all governmental units, financial institutions, insurance companies, fiduciaries, and other persons that require statutory authority regarding legal investment.

J. System restoration bonds may be structured and issued using both an expected maturity and a legal, final maturity.

K. The public purpose of system restoration bonds is to finance, directly or indirectly, the acquisition or replacement of capital assets or permanent working capital of a utility in order to support its financial strength and stability as part of a regulatory program intended to minimize the rates charged by utilities.

# §1322. Corporation funds

A. The corporation's monies shall be maintained by the corporation as a separate and special fund, separate and apart from the general fund of the state. Unexpended amounts remaining in the corporation's fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse into the state general fund, and any interest earned or investment earnings on amounts in the corporation's fund shall be deposited into such fund, to the credit of the appropriate account.

B. The expenditure of money by the corporation shall be under the direction of the governing board and the regulation of the commission, and such monies shall be paid by the corporation only in accordance with R.S. 45:1316(A) and as approved by the commission pursuant to procedures established by commission regulations or orders, as applicable.

C. There shall be created separate accounts by the corporation for each utility that is collecting system restoration charges on behalf of the corporation. The net proceeds of system restoration bonds issued pursuant to a financing order transferred to the corporation shall be allocated to the account of the utility collecting such system restoration charges pursuant to a financing order, as requested by the utility and approved by the commission.

D. Immediately upon the deposit to the corporation's fund of the proceeds of the system restoration bonds transferred to the corporation, a utility shall be entitled to request disbursements by the corporation from the appropriate account of the fund in the amount of system restoration costs that have been approved by the commission, and the corporation shall grant such request consistent with the terms of the commission's order and R.S. 45:1316(A).

E. The primary purpose of this Part being to serve the public good and to benefit the public as a whole as part of a regulatory program intended to minimize the rates charged by utilities and to strengthen the financial position of utilities that have restored and rebuilt their systems, any disbursements by the corporation pursuant to this Section to a utility are intended to be non-shareholder contributions to the capital of the utility that promote the general welfare of the citizens of the state. Such disbursements are not payments for any service provided by the utility to the corporation or the utility's customers. Further, such disbursements are not payments in the nature of insurance or otherwise as direct compensation for losses by the utility from storms. Instead, such disbursements shall be made only in exchange for the utility's commitment contained in the financing order as described in R.S. 45:1318(C)(5).

1	§1323. State pledge; corporation pledge
2	A. For purposes of this Section, the term "bondholder" means a person who
3	holds a system restoration bond, including in book entry form.
4	B. The state and the Louisiana Legislature each pledge and agree with the
5	corporation, the bondholders, and other financing parties that, until the system
6	restoration bonds and any ancillary agreements have been paid and performed in full,
7	the state and the Louisiana Legislature shall not do any of the following:
8	(1) Alter the provisions of this Part which authorize the commission to create
9	an irrevocable contract right by the issuance of a financing order, to create system
10	restoration property, and to make the system restoration charges imposed by a
11	financing order irrevocable, binding, and nonbypassable charges.
12	(2) Take or permit any action that impairs or would impair the value of
13	system restoration property.
14	(3) In any way impair the rights and remedies of the corporation, an issuer,
15	such bondholders, or financing parties, or the security for such bonds or ancillary
16	agreements.
17	(4) Except for adjustments under any true-up mechanism established by the
18	commission, reduce, alter, or impair system restoration charges that are to be
19	imposed, collected, and remitted for the benefit of the corporation, an issuer, the
20	bondholders, and other financing parties, as applicable, until any and all principal,
21	interest, premium, financing costs and other fees, expenses, or charges incurred, and
22	any contracts to be performed, in connection with the related system restoration
23	bonds have been fully paid and discharged.
24	C. The corporation shall pledge to and agree with the issuer, for the benefit
25	of the issuer, the bondholders, and other financing parties, that until the system
26	restoration bonds and any ancillary agreements have been paid and performed in full,
27	the corporation shall not do any of the following:

system restoration property.

(1) Take or permit any action that impairs or would impair the value of

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(2) In any way impair the rights and remedies of the issuer, such bondholders, or financing parties, or the security for such bonds or ancillary agreements.

(3) Except for adjustments under any true-up mechanism established by the commission, reduce, alter, or impair system restoration charges that are to be imposed, collected, and remitted for the benefit of the issuer, the bondholders, and other financing parties, as applicable, until any and all principal, interest, premium, financing costs and other fees, expenses, or charges incurred, and any contracts to be performed, in connection with the related system restoration bonds have been fully paid and discharged.

D. The provisions of R.S. 12:202.1 shall not apply to the corporation.

E. Any issuer that issues system restoration bonds may include the pledge specified in Subsections B and C of this Section and in R.S. 45:1318(C)(8) in the bonds and related documentation.

## §1324. Limitation on bankruptcy

A. Prior to the date that is two years and one day after which the corporation no longer has any payment obligation to any issuer of any system restoration bonds outstanding, the corporation is prohibited from filing and shall have no authority to file a voluntary petition under the Federal Bankruptcy Code, as it may, from time to time, be in effect, and neither any public official nor any organization, entity, or other person shall authorize the corporation to be or to become a debtor under the Federal Bankruptcy Code during such period. The provisions of this Section shall be part of any contractual obligation owed to the holders of system restoration bonds issued under this Part. Any such contractual obligation shall not subsequently be modified by state law during the period of the contractual obligation, and the state of Louisiana and the Louisiana Legislature hereby covenant with the holders that the state and any public instrumentality thereof and the Louisiana Legislature shall not limit or alter the denial of authority under this Section during the period referred to in this Subsection.

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B. The corporation is a public corporation and an instrumentality of the state and is subject to the provisions of R.S. 13:4741 and R.S. 39:619 through 622.

§1325. Corporation status; tax exempt

A. The corporation shall be a public corporation and an instrumentality of the state. The corporation's purpose and function is an integral part of the state. The corporation shall be exempt from any state corporate income tax and corporate franchise tax. The system restoration charges, their collection, their sale and transfer, and the income therefrom shall at all times be free from taxation of every kind by the state and any political subdivision or other instrumentality thereof. However, the corporation is not and shall not be deemed a department, unit, agency, board, or commission of the state nor a political subdivision. All debts, claims, obligations, and liabilities of the corporation, whenever and however incurred, shall be the debts, claims, obligations, and liabilities of the corporation only, and not of the state, its agencies, officers, or employees. System restoration charges authorized by the commission shall be regulatory fees designed to implement a regulatory program for the public good and shall not be considered taxes intended to raise revenue for the maintenance of government or governmental services. Corporation funds shall not be considered part of the general fund of the state, and the state shall not budget for or provide general fund appropriations to the corporation.

B. Any system restoration bonds issued under the provisions of this Part by the issuer on behalf of the corporation, their transfer, and the income therefrom, including any profit made on the sale thereof, shall at all times be free from taxation of every kind by the state and any political subdivision or other instrumentality thereof.

C. Because it is essential for the corporation to have the maximum financial resources to provide contributions as described in this Part following catastrophic natural disasters, it is the intent of the legislature that the corporation, as an instrumentality of the state, be exempt from federal income taxation.

#### §1326. Full authority

A. The provisions of this Part shall be deemed to be complete, additional, and alternative authority and to provide the full method for the exercise of the powers herein granted and accomplishment of the things authorized hereby and shall be regarded as supplemental and additional to powers conferred by other laws. This Part and all powers granted hereby shall be liberally construed to effectuate its and their purposes. All rights and powers herein granted by this Part shall be cumulative with those derived from other sources and shall not, except as expressly stated herein, be construed in limitation thereof. In issuing system restoration bonds, an issuer may avail itself of the provisions of the statutes and the Constitution of Louisiana applicable to that issuer. This Part establishes a supplemental method of financing and does not limit the right of a utility to finance or otherwise recover system restoration costs by other methods as may be approved pursuant to the commission's legal authority instead of a financing order issued under this Part.

B. To the extent that the commission has made a determination of eligible system restoration costs of a utility before the effective date of this Part, that determination may provide the basis for the utility's application for a financing order pursuant to this Part. Further, to the extent that a utility has made application for a determination of eligible system restoration costs before the effective date of this Part, that application may provide the basis in part for the commission's financing order pursuant to this Part.

## §1327. Status of corporation

The corporation, any issuer, and any financing party shall not be considered a utility or person providing electric service or natural gas service by virtue of engaging in the transactions described in this Part. The corporation is not an agent of any utility.

#### §1328. Commission jurisdiction

Nothing in this Part is intended to be nor shall be construed to constitute any limitation, derogation, or diminution of the jurisdiction or authority of the commission provided by law, including that provided in or exercised by the Public

1 Service Commission pursuant to the Constitution of Louisiana or the council of the 2 city of New Orleans pursuant to its home rule charter. 3 Section 4. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor, or, if not 4 signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature 5 by the governor, as provided in Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become 6 7 effective on the day following such approval. SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

**ENROLLED** 

HB NO. 577

APPROVED: \_\_\_\_\_